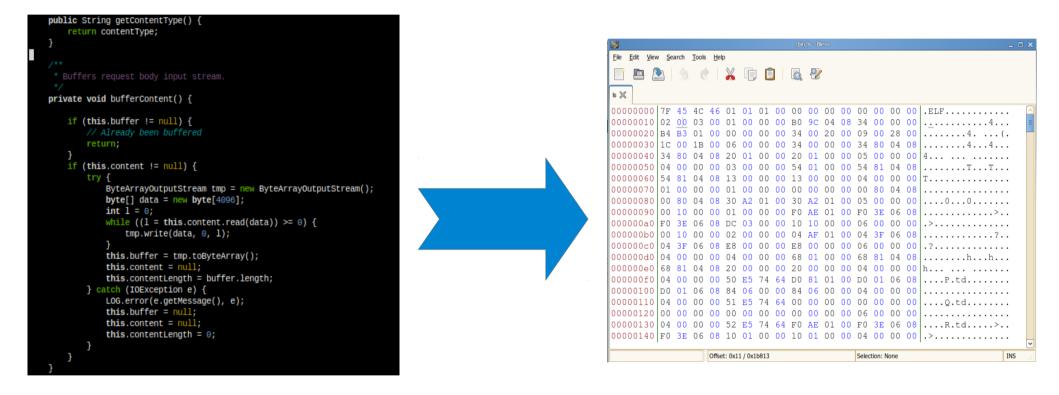
### Free Software

#### Definition, Importance and Security

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### What is software?

### How does it work?



#### Source code $\rightarrow$ Compiled code

#### Compiling process is not reversible.

<pre>public String getContentType() {     return contentType;</pre>			
}			_ 🗆 ×
	<u>File</u> <u>Edit</u> <u>View</u> <u>Search</u>	rch <u>T</u> ools <u>H</u> elp	
/**  * Buffers request body input stream.  */		5) 🕐   💃 📭 📋   🕵 🕙	
<pre>private void bufferContent() {</pre>	is 🗶		
<pre>if (this.buffer != null) {     // Already been buffered     return; } if (this.content != null) {     try {         ByteArrayOutputStream tmp = new ByteArrayOutputStream(         byte[] data = new byte[4096];         int 1 = 0;         while ((1 = this.content.read(data)) &gt;= 0) {             tmp.write(data, 0, 1);         }         this.buffer = tmp.toByteArray();         this.content = null;         this.contentLength = buffer.length;         } catch (IOException e) {         LOG.error(e.getMessage(), e);         this.content = null;         this.contentLength = 0;         this.contentLength = 0;     } } </pre>	00000010 02 00 000020 B4 B3 000030 1C 00 000040 34 80 000050 04 00 000060 54 81 000070 01 00 00080 00 80 00090 00 10 000000 F0 3E 00000b0 00 10 000000 04 3F 000000c0 04 3F 000000c0 04 3F 000000c0 04 3F 000000c0 04 00 00000c0 04 00 0000010 04 00 0000010 04 00	BB         01         00         00         00         03         4         00         20         00         02         8         00         28         00         7 <th7< th="">         7         <th7< th=""> <t< th=""><th>4 = (. 4 T    h  </th></t<></th7<></th7<>	4 = (. 4 T    h  
}	00000140 FO 3E	3E 06 08 10 01 00 00 10 01 00 00 04 00 00 00 .>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
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### What is free software?

Free as it is in "freedom".

License issue.

Community powered.

# A little bit of history...

In 1976 copyright laws in the USA begin to restrict software users.

In 1983 Richard M. Stallman starts the GNU OS project which aims the software to be "free" and belongs to the public.

GPL (General Public License) written by Richard Stallman for the GNU project to protect the freedom of free software.

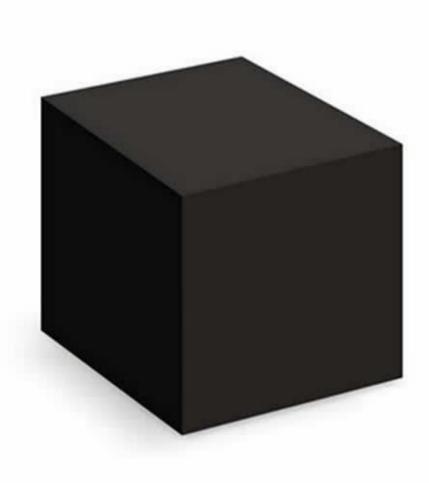
# Formal Definition of Free Software

**Freedom 0:** The freedom to **run** the program for any purpose.

- **Freedom 1:** The freedom to **study** how the program works, and change it to make it do what you wish.
- **Freedom 2:** The freedom to **redistribute** copies so you can help your neighbor.

**Freedom 3:** The freedom to **improve** the program, and release your improvements (and modified versions in general) to the public, so that the whole community benefits.

### Black Box



#### Open source?

### Freeware?

#### Linux?

# Examples of free software





Operating systems, Web browsers, Office applications, E-mail clients, Image processing and graphics, etc.







# Security and Privacy Issues

Everyone have the chance to see what actually a software does. Transparency.

Releasing the source code does not make the software more vulnerable. It gives the chance to users change the code and make it more secure. Reverse engineering exists.

# Security and Privacy Issues

More people checking the source code and testing the software is always better than a few people doing it.

When there is a known vulnerability in the software, it is more faster to fix it in a free software.

# An Interesting Example:

Some researchers demonstrate that attackers can learn about a vulnerability in a closed source program (Windows) from patches made to an OSS/FS program (Linux). In this example, Linux developers fixed a vulnerability before attackers tried to attack it, and attackers correctly surmised that a similar problem might be still be in Windows (and it was).

### Security and Privacy Issues

If less secure systems are more profitable, companies wouldn't work hard to produce more secure systems.

Being open source is no guarantee of security but there is a higher chance of being secure.

# **References & More Information**

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